# MODELLING LIGHT ABSORPTION IN HYBRID CORE-SATELLITE METAL NANOSTRUCTURES

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#### PLASMONIC ANTENNA + CATALYST HYBRIDS



- resonant antenna effect  $\Rightarrow$  strong absorption
- hot carriers (electrons/holes) ⇒ chemical reaction at catalyst surfaces



# AU@PD PHOTOCATALYSTS



S. Lee, H. Hwang, W. Lee, D. Schebarchov, Y. Wy, J. Grand, B. Auguié, D. Han Wi, E. Cortés and S. Woo Han. ACS Energy Lett. 5, 12, 3881–3890 (2020)

# T.E.R.M.S. (SUPERPOSITION T-MATRIX)

nano-optics.ac.nz/terms

10 nm

#### **SUPERPOSITION T-MATRIX METHOD**



- expand fields in **spherical waves** (multipoles)
- exciting field = incident + scattered
- linear system for N particles

### LOCAL ABSORPTION IN AU@PT NANO-TRIMERS



## **NEW QUESTION: HOW TO COMBINE AU & PD?**



Antenna-Shell

Antenna-Satellites cluster

SUB-QUESTION: HOW DO WE MODEL THAT 1?



M. Herran, A. Sousa-Castillo, C. Fan, S. Lee, Wei Xie, M. Döblinger, B. Auguié and E. Cortés · *Adv. Func. Mat.* 32, 2203418 (2022)

# MODELLING AU-PD CORE-SATELLITE STRUCTURES



#### **MOLECULES NEAR A NANOPARTICLE: COUPLED-DIPOLE MODEL**



#### **COUPLED DIPOLES AROUND A NANOSPHERE**



$$\mathbf{E}_{i} = \mathbf{E}_{i}^{\mathsf{INC}} + \mathbf{E}_{i}^{\mathsf{SPH}} + \sum_{j \neq i} \mathbb{G}_{ij} \mathbb{Q}_{j} \mathbf{E}_{j} + \sum_{\forall j} \mathbb{S}_{ij} \mathbb{Q}_{j} \mathbf{E}_{j}$$
$$\mathbb{A}\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{E}^{\mathsf{INC}} + \mathbf{E}^{\mathsf{SPH}}$$

Di

**p**<sub>j</sub>

- Sphere-mediated coupling S<sub>ij</sub>
- Self-reaction ("image" dipole) S<sub>ii</sub>
- Additional excitation from sphere-scattered field ESPH

#### VALIDATION: FIXED INCIDENCE, SINGLE SATELLITE



#### **MODEL #4: ANISOTROPIC EFFECTIVE MEDIUM**



$$\mathbf{\alpha} = a^3 \frac{\varepsilon - \varepsilon_m}{\varepsilon + 2\varepsilon_m} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\varepsilon_{xy} = \varepsilon_m + \frac{L_m^2 \frac{c_d \alpha}{\varepsilon_0}}{1 - \frac{\alpha}{8\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{L_m^2}{\varepsilon_m} \rho^{3/2} (\xi_0 - \beta_m \xi_I)} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\alpha}{8\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{L_m^2}{\varepsilon_m} \rho^{3/2} (\xi_0 - \beta_m \xi_I)}{\frac{L_m^2}{\varepsilon_m^2} \frac{c_d \alpha}{\varepsilon_0}}$$

C. Tang, B. Auguié and E. Le Ru · Phys. Rev. B 103, 085436 (2021) ····· Phys. Rev. A 104, 033502 (2021) ····· J. Phys. Chem. C, 126, 24 (2022)

#### **COMPARISON OF SIMULATION METHODS**



**Superposition T-matrix** 



Boundary element method



#### Generalised coupled-dipole



Effective medium + Mie

## COMPARISON: ANISOTROPIC MIE VS TERMS (BENCHMARK)



#### **EFFECT OF GAP DISTANCE**



### **EFFECT OF SATELLITE CONCENTRATION**





STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES 👍 👌 👎 🤞

METHOD	ACCURACY	TIME	SCALING	DETAILED INFO
TERMS (T-matrix)	~	×	×	~
SCUFF (surface int.)	~	×	~	~
GCDM (coupled dip.)	•	*	~	*
Mie	~		~	×

Partial absorption in core-shell satellites

1 satellite, Rcore=30nm, gap=1nm, Rsat=2.5nm





partial\_core partial\_shell total

#### **INFERRING DIMERS FROM ABSORPTION SPECTRA**



Interface-Dependent Selectivity in Plasmon-Driven Chemical Reactions – A. Stefancu, J. Gargiulo, G. Laufersky, B. Auguié, V. Chiş, E. Le Ru, M. Liu, N. Leopold and E. Cortés · ACS Nano just accepted (2023)